

Vocabulary

1	Gladiator	A man trained to fight with weapons in an arena.
2	Empire	A group of countries ruled by one ruler.
3	armour	Items worn to protect the body in battle.
4	arena	An area surrounded by seating where events are held.
5	slave	A person who belongs to someone else and is forced to obey them.
6	fort	A strong building that is built to defend.
7	Celts	A tribe of people who ruled before the Romans.
8	battle	A fight between organised armies.
9	invade	Enter another tribe's territory aggressively.
10	Emperor	A sovereign ruler of an empire (King or Queen)
11	coliseum	The name of the Amphitheatre in Rome.
12	conquer	Take control of people or a place by force.



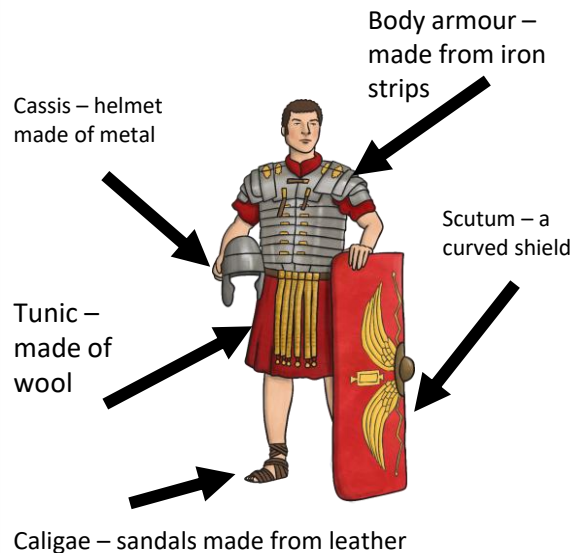
Reasons the Romans invaded:

- Goods
- Power
- Ambition
- Revenge
- Slaves

Hadrian's Wall

- The wall defended Roman land and attacks from the Picts.
- It was built by 15,000 men.
- It ran from Bowness-on Solway to Wallsend.
- The wall contained, milecastles, turrets and forts.

Roman Soldier



Timeline – The Spread of the Roman Empire

800 BC	The Romans only occupy Rome. Large Celtic settlements are prominent across Europe.
237 BC	The Romans have taken control of the whole of Italy, Sicily, Sardinia and Corsica.
133 BC	The Romans now occupy much of Spain. Greece, part of north Africa and have begun to conquer more eastern European countries.
44 BC	The Romans have now conquered France and Germany.
79 AD	Romans conquered Britain.
305 AD	The height of the Roman Empire. This was the time the Romans had most power and controlled the most countries.